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The Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended April 30, 2011

CPAIAUDIT REVIEWED

JUL 26 2012

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended April 30, 2011

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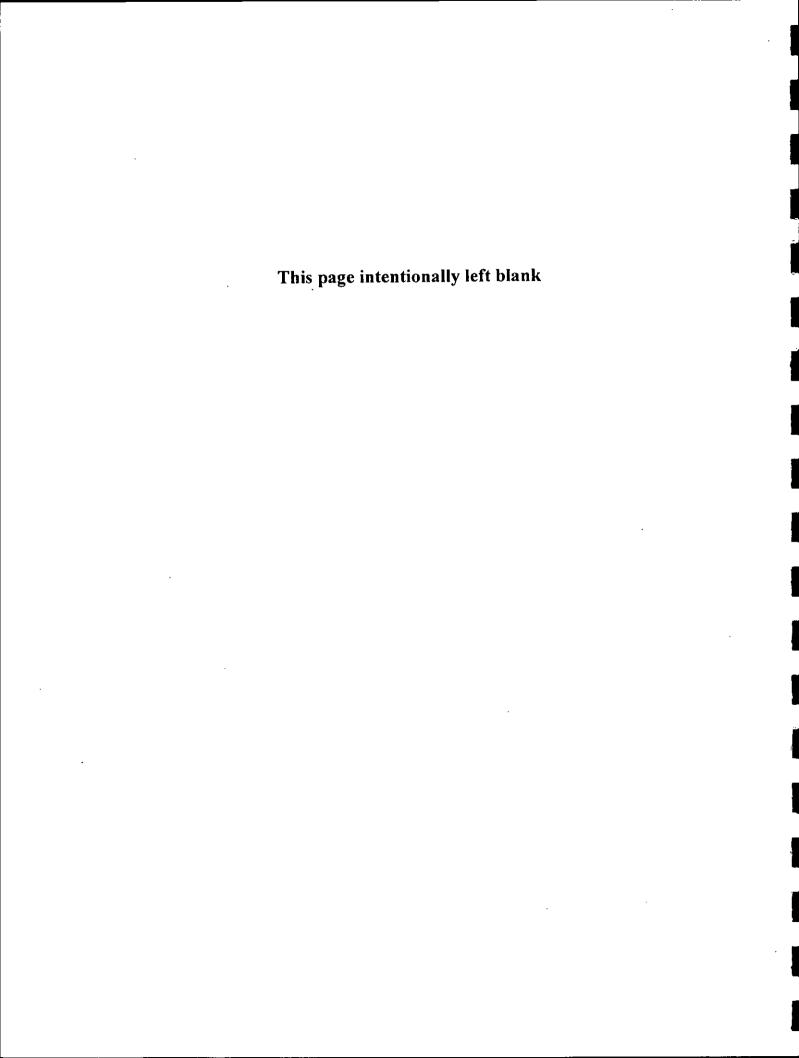
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Village of Harwood Heights

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS Year Ended April 30, 2011

Arlene Jezierny, Mayor

Marcia Pollowy, Village Clerk

Joseph Russo, Treasurer

Board of Trustees

Demetrios Mougolias

Lester Szlendak

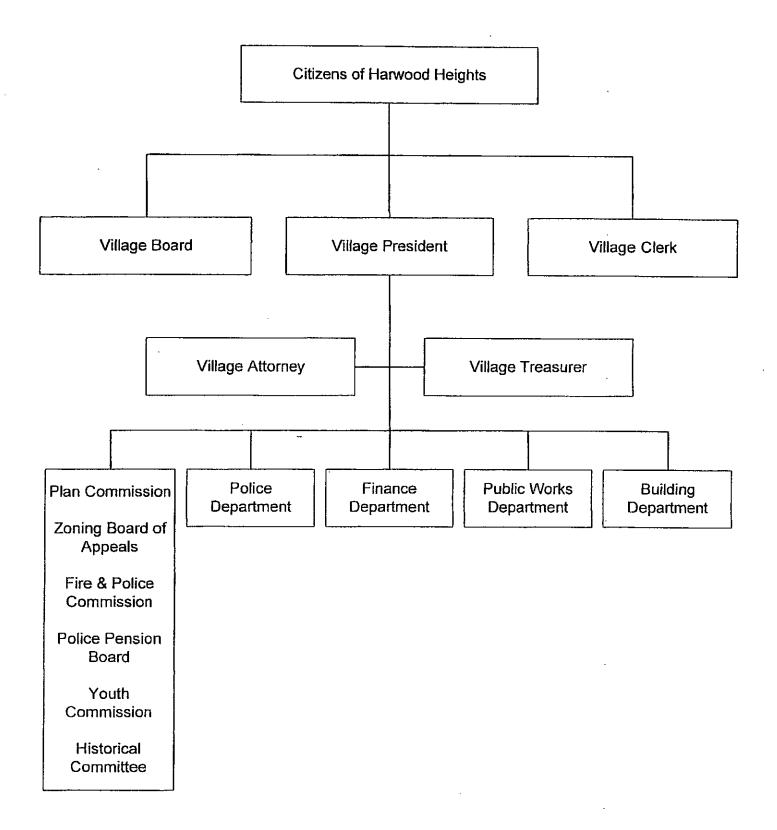
Michael Gadzinski

Mark Dobrzycki

Lawerence Steiner

Therese Schuepfer

Village of Harwood Heights Organization Chart



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Harwood Heights' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police Pension Fund, a pension trust fund included as a fiduciary fund type, whose accounts are included in the basic financial statements. Total assets and revenues of the Police Pension Fund constitute 99% and 100%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the fiduciary fund types. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Police Pension Fund in the Village's basic financial statements, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Harvood Heights, Illinois, as of April 30, 2011, and the respective changes in the financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(Continued)



The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the budgetary comparison information and the Police Pension Funds, Illinois Municipal Retirement, and Other Postemployment Benefits required supplementary information on pages 64 through 70 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory section, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

pora V/o. es

MILLER, COOPER & CO., LTD

Certified Public Accountants

Deerfield, Illinois February 10, 2012

Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2011

The Village of Harwood Heights (the Village) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, identify changes in the Village's financial position, identify any material deviations from the approved appropriations, and identify individual fund issues or concerns. Please read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Village's audited financial statements and accompanying footnotes, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of Fiscal Year 2011 by \$9,572,442, including \$7,541,273 in capital assets, net of related debt.
- At the close of Fiscal Year 2011, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$3,961,376. Approximately 50%, or \$1,977,498, of the total fund balance is categorized as General Fund
 unreserved, undesignated fund balances.
- At the end of Fiscal Year 2011, the unreserved, undesignated portion of the General Fund balance was \$1,977,498, or approximately 30% of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Village's long-term debt, excluding the net pension obligation and compensated absences payable, decreased by \$671,861 during Fiscal Year 2011.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains required and other supplemental information to enhance the understanding of the overall financial condition of the Village.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two basic financial statements are the government-wide financial statements on pages 13 through 15, inclusive. These financial statements are intended to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Village's finances, not unlike the financial statements of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short- and long-term information about the Village's financial condition as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Village's net assets and how they changed during the reporting period. Net assets are the difference between the Village's total assets and the total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one method of gauging the Village's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: government activities and business-type activities. Government activities include the Village's basic services such as public safety, public works, and general administration. Property taxes, state revenue sharing, and fees finance most of those basic governmental services. Business-type activities are those for which the Village charges residents; water and sewer services were the Village of Harwood Heights' only business-type activity during Fiscal Year 2011.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements on pages 16 through 24 provide a more detailed look at the Village's most significant activities. A "fund" is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Harwood Heights, like virtually all governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Village of Harwood Heights' funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the previously described government-wide financial statements. Most of the Village's basic services, i.e., public safety, public works, and general administration, are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can be readily converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies remain at year-end that will be available for use in the following year(s). Governmental funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting method that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that allows a determination as to whether there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Village's programs. The reconciliation between the net change in total fund balance for all governmental funds (as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, page 18) and the change in net assets of governmental activities (as reported in the Statement of Activities, pages 14 and 15) is a part of the fund financial statements and is found on page 18.

The Village of Harwood Heights adopts an annual, fiscal year appropriation ordinance for its General Fund, Grant Fund, Water and Sewer Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, General Obligation Bond Fund, and Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund, as required by Illinois Statutes. The appropriation ordinance is a legally adopted document that evolves from input from the citizens of the Village, recommendations from Village management, and Board of Trustees' decisions as to what services to provide and how to finance such services. The annual appropriation ordinance also authorizes the Village to obtain funds from specific sources to finance the current period's services. The General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, and Water and Sewer Fund budget to actual schedules disclose how well the Village complied with the appropriation ordinance and whether the Village succeeded in providing the services planned in the adopted appropriation ordinance. The Village's budgetary comparison statements are presented in a three-column format: 1) the original and final appropriation, as adopted by the Board of Trustees and filed, as required, with the Office of the Clerk of Cook County; 2) actual revenues, expenditures, and ending balances of the funds; and 3) the variance, or difference, between the original and final appropriation ordinance and actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund's Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual for Fiscal Year 2011 is found on page 68 in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Proprietary Funds

The Village of Harwood Heights has one proprietary fund which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village's only proprietary fund is the Water and Sewer Fund. The Village adopts an annual fiscal year appropriation ordinance for its Water and Sewer Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

The Village of Harwood Heights has two fiduciary funds that are used to account for assets held by the Village for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's programs. The Village's fiduciary funds are the Special Assessments Fund and the Police Pension Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes on pages 27 through 63 inclusive provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the previously described basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's pension obligations to its employees and General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Funds appropriations to actual comparisons, as found on pages 65 through 68, inclusive. Other supplementary information on pages 71 through 84, inclusive, includes combining statements and schedules of the nonmajor funds and schedules of the General Fund's revenues and expenditures. A schedule of changes in the assets and liabilities of the Special Assessments Fund is on page 84. A schedule of changes in fund balance of the last five years of governmental funds is on page 85. A schedule of net assets by component for the last five years is on page 86.

Village of Harwood Heights Financial Analysis

Net Assets

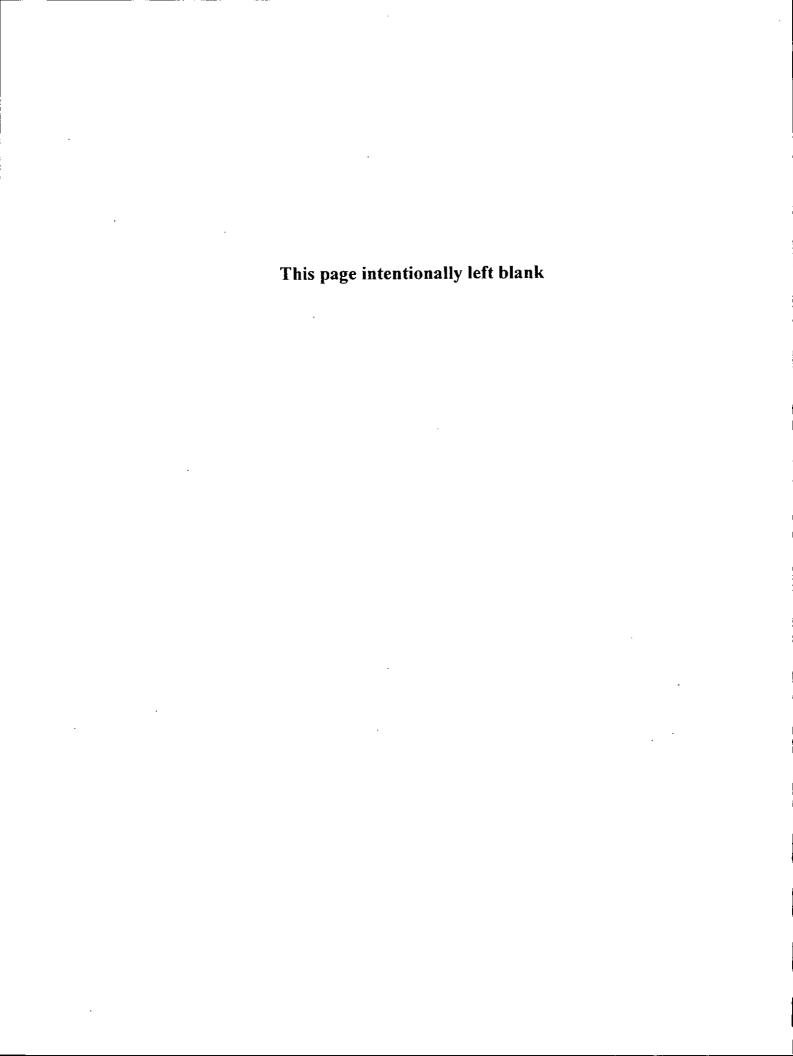
As noted earlier, net assets may serve, over time, as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Village of Harwood Heights exceeded its liabilities by \$9,572,442 as of April 30, 2011. However, the majority, about 73%, of that amount reflects the Village's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, streets, water mains, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses those capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources required to repay that debt must come from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities. Unrestricted net assets for governmental activities were a negative \$1,048,258 and unrestricted net assets for business-type activities, which can be used to finance day-to-day operations, were \$940,031.

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Assets-Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activity	Total Primar	y Government
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Current/ Other						
Assets	\$ 3,904,234	\$ 5,099,251	\$ 631,796	\$ 1,005,234	\$ 4,536,030	\$ 6,104,485
Capital Assets	11,933,519	11,603,588	1,521,821	1,457,257	13,455,340	13,060,845
Total Assets	15,837,753	16,702,839	2,153,617	2,462,491	17,991,370	19,165,330
Current/Other						
Liabilities	2,173,901	1,798,196	(182,441)	65,203	1,991,460	1,863,399
Long-term						
liabilities	7,056,448	7,729,489	-	_	7,056,448	7,729,489
Total Liabilities	9,230,349	9,527,685	(182,441)	65,203	9,047,908	9,592,888
Investment in						7-1 -,000
capital assets-			·			!
net of related						
debt	5,837,274	6,084,016	1,508,067	1,457,257	7,345,341	7,541,273
Restricted Net		<u></u>				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Assets	996,642	2,139,396	-	-	996,642	2,139,396
Unrestricted Net	-	-				
Assets	(226,512)	(1,048,258)	827,991	940,031	601,479	(108,227)
Total Net						
Assets	\$ 6,607,404	\$ 7,175,154	\$ 2,336,058	\$ 2,397,288	\$ 8,943,462	\$ 9,572,442

Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Assets-Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011

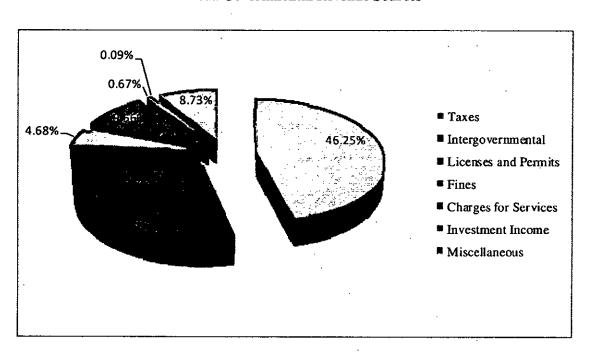
	Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activity	Total Primar	y Government
	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011
Revenues						
Program						
Revenues						
Charges for						
Services	\$1,518,489	\$1,943,542	\$1,272,705	\$1,381,053	\$2,791,194	\$3,324,595
Operating						
Grants/					•	
Contributions	293,891	-	-	-	293,891	-
Capital Grants/						
Contributions	-	-	_	-	-	-
General						-
Revenues	-					
Taxes	3,630,111	3,856,463	-	-	3,630,111	3,856,463
Investment						
Income	10,075	7,553	898	311	10,973	7,864
Trans fers	(23,238)	20,985	-	-	(23,238)	20,985
Intergovernmen						
tal	2,133,644	2,503,350	-	-	2,133,644	2,503,350
Total Revenues	7,562,972	8,331,893	1,273,603	1,381,364	8,836,575	9,713,257
Expenses						
General						
Government	1,752,371	1,392,519	-	-	1,752,371	1,392,519
Public Safety	4,240,091	4,234,766	-	-	4,240,091	4,234,766
Public Works	1,196,606	1,872,095	-	-	1,196,606	1,872,095
Interest	256,607	264,763	-	-	256,607	264,763
Water	-	-	1,274,469	1,320,134	1,274,469	1,320,134
Total Expenses	7,445,675	7,764,143	1,274,469	1,320,134	8,720,144	9,084,277
Increase			_			
(Decrease) in						
Net Assets	\$117,297	\$567,750	(\$866)	\$61,230	\$116,431	\$628,980
Net Assets-April		\$ 6,607,404	(45-4)	\$ 2,336,058	~-~ ,	\$ 8,943,462
Net Assets-April		\$ 7,175,154		\$ 2,397,288		\$ 9,572,442



Revenues and Expenses

Governmental Revenues

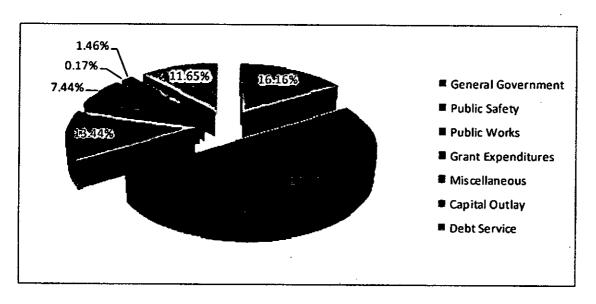
Governmental revenues totaled approximately \$8.39 million, with property taxes comprising 33% of all tax revenues for Fiscal Year 2011. State sales tax and home rule sales tax increased by \$275,609 and were the next largest sources of revenue for the period at \$1,005,237 and \$798,484, respectively. The overall increase in sales taxes compared to Fiscal Year 2010 can be attributed to an upturn in our local economy. State income taxes, a state-shared revenue, totaled \$646,889 for the fiscal year, approximately a 2% decrease from the previous year. Utility taxes generated \$432,047 in revenues, a 13% increase. Village licenses and permit fees totaled \$390,189, an increase of 38%.



FY2011 Governmental Revenue Sources

Governmental Expenses

Governmental activities expended approximately \$7.91 million during Fiscal Year 2011. Those expenses include public safety, public works, general government, and debt service. Public safety expenses of \$3.93 million comprised the largest expenditure and include police department operating expenses. General government expenses totaled \$1,278,370, and include general administration, law department, finance, building, recreational and cultural opportunities, and health. In addition to office staff salaries and wages, additional expenses included are payroll taxes, employee benefits, liability insurance, and workers' compensation premiums. Public works related expenses totaled \$1,062,923, and debt service totaled \$921,238.



FY2011 Governmental Expenses by Category

Business-type Revenues and Expenses

The Village of Harwood Heights' only business-type activity is its Water and Sewer Department and related fund. Water service charges, sewer fees, and late payment penalties for Fiscal Year 2011 were \$1,341,773. Revenues for water taps, meter sales, and miscellaneous revenues totaled \$10,117. Non-operating income of \$29,474 was produced by investment income and antenna leasing. Total operating expenses were \$1,320,134, which includes \$582,603 for water purchased and \$178,509 for sewer fees paid to the City of Chicago. Personal services of \$345,430 were provided by public works and administration employees. Additional expenses were \$640,822 for commodities, other services equaling \$228,263, and \$14,510 in capital outlay.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

It is the Village's policy to periodically review the appropriations; however, department heads are expected to limit their expenditures to their original appropriation amount and change expenditures between line items, if necessary. Over the course of Fiscal Year 2011, the Village was not required to amend its appropriation ordinance. The following table compares appropriated amounts and actual Fiscal Year 2011 General Fund revenues and expenditures.

General Fund	FY 201: Appropria		FY2011 Actual	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,850,	768	\$ 3,122,98	7
Intergovernmental	1,781,	000	1,880,80	7
Other	2,395,	858	1,972,66	4
Total Revenues	7,027,	626	6,976,45	8
Expenditures	6,996,	946	6,528,44	5
Other Financing Sources		- [1,123,51	9
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 30,	680	1,571,53	2

Actual Fiscal Year 2011 General Fund revenues were \$51,168 less than appropriated. Actual Fiscal Year 2011 General Fund expenditures were \$468,501 less than appropriated. Most functional expenditures were below their respective appropriated amounts.

Capital Assets

As of April 30, 2011, the Village of Harwood Heights has a total capital assets investment of \$21,752,029, less accumulated depreciation of \$8,691,184, for a net capital assets investment of \$13,060,845. Those net capital assets are categorized in the governmental activities and business-type activities in the amounts of \$11,603,588 and \$1,457,257, respectively.

Asset Type	FY2010	FY2011
Land	\$ 629,428	\$ 629,428
Buildings	5,136,952	5,009,553
Machinery and Equipment	657,246	587,643
Land Improvements	29,044	26,394
Infrastructure	7,002,670	6,807,827
Total Net Capital Assets	\$13,455,340	\$13,060,845

A more detailed presentation of the Village's capital assets activity may be found in Note F to the financial statements.

Major Funds Discussion

The following schedule presents a comparative summary of General Fund revenues and other financing sources between FY 2010 and FY 2011:

Revenues and Other	\Box				% of FY2011	\$	Change	% Change
Financing Sources		FY2010	Y2010 FY2011		Total	fro	m FY2010	from FY2010
Taxes	\$	2,830,032	\$	3,122,987	44.76%	\$	292,955	10.35%
Intergovernmental	\Box	2,211,456		1,880,807	26.96%		(330,649)	-14.95%
Licenses and Permits		281,826		390,189	5.59%		108,363	38.45%
Fines		650,526		797,553	11.43%		147,027	22.60%
Charges for Services		102,902		55,642	0.80%		(47,260)	-45.93%
Investment Income		1,081		1,301	0.02%		220	20.35%
Miscellaneous		430,181		727,979	10.43%		297,798	69.23%
To	al \$	6,508,004	\$	6,976,458	100%	\$	468,454	7.20%

The following schedule presents a comparative summary of General Fund expenditures for FY 2010 and FY 2011:

			% of FY2011	\$ Change	% Change
Expenditures by Program	FY2010	FY2011	Total	from FY2010	from FY2010
General Administration	\$ 78,013	\$ 277,765	4.25%	\$ 199,752	256.05%
Law Department	172,840	227,727	3.49%	54,887	31.76%
Finance	606,783	280,476	4.30%	(326,307)	-53.78%
Buildings	98,489	95,044	1.46%	(3,445)	-3.50%
Recreation	141,384	134,146	2.05%	(7,238)	-5.12%
Health	503,960	36,024	0.55%	(467,936)	-92.85%
Budget Contingencies	30,980	227,128	3.48%	196,148	633.14%
Public Safety	3,966,298	3,798,569	58.18%	(167,729)	-4.23%
Public Works	525,617	971,728	14.88%	446,111	84.87%
Debt Service	273,700	313,853	4.81%	40,153	14.67%
Capital Outlay	310,377	115,485	1.77%	(194,892)	-62.79%
Grants	100,106	50,500	0.77%	(49,606)	-49.55%
Total	\$ 6,808,547	\$ 6,528,445	100%	\$ (280,102)	-4.11%

Debt Administration

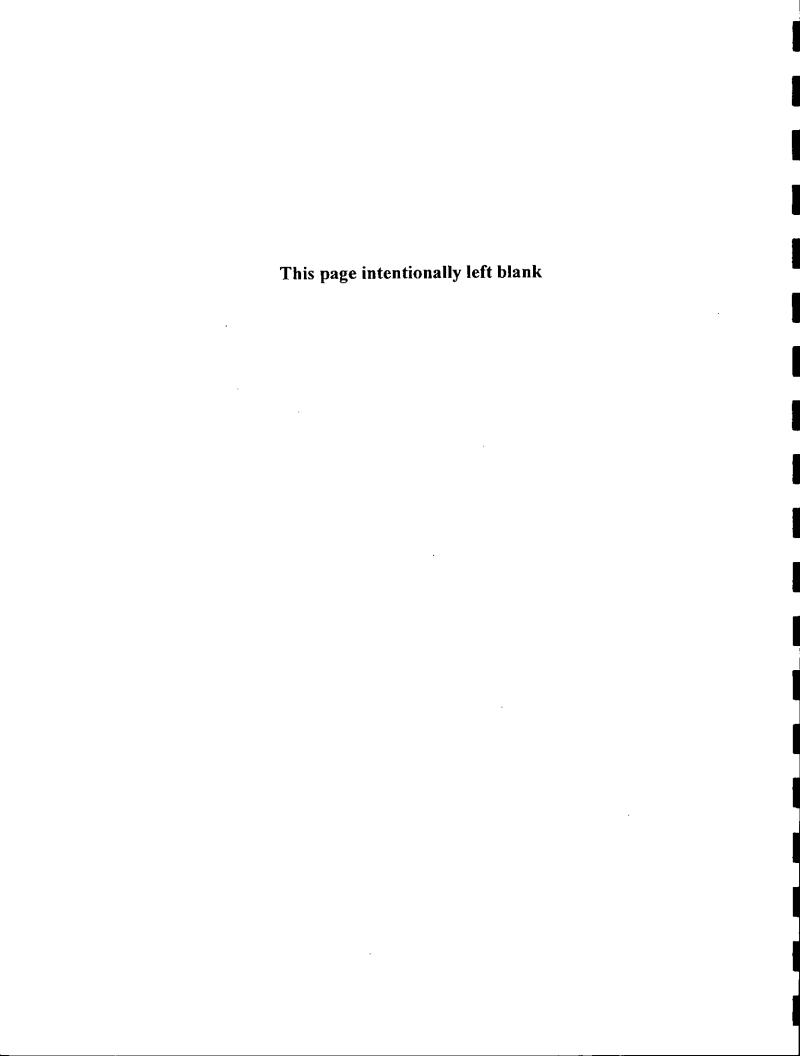
As of April 30, 2011, the Village of Harwood Heights has three outstanding General Obligation Bond issues: 2003, 2006A, and 2006B issues. The 2006 bond issues were issued to finance the Lawrence Avenue Redevelopment Project. The Village also has a \$375,000 Series 2006 promissory note payable in monthly installments through December 1, 2011.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Appropriation

The Village of Harwood Heights is limited in its ability to grow because it is surrounded by neighboring municipalities, including the City of Chicago. Thus, all growth must occur from within. The property tax revenue derived from the residential, commercial, and industrial properties is relatively stable. State income tax revenue and sales taxes have increased from the previous fiscal year and are expected to increase due to new economic development initiatives. Long-range goals include revitalization of the Village's commercial areas and attracting new businesses.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you should have any questions or requests for additional financial information, please contact the Village of Harwood Heights Finance Department, 7300 West Wilson Avenue, Harwood Heights, Illinois 60706, telephone (708) 867-7200.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	•	Total
ASSETS					
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,553,253	\$ 660,744	\$	3,213,997
Receivables		1,717,159	168,803		1,885,962
Internal balances		(175,687)	175,687		-
Prepaid items		4,526	-		4,526
Land held for resale		1,000,000	-		1,000,000
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets not being depreciated		629,428	•		629,428
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		10,974,160	1,457,257		12,431,417
Total assets		16,702,839	2,462,491	•	19,165,330
LIABILITIES					
Current	,×.,				
Accounts payable		90,207	65,203		155,410
Accrued payroll liabilities		20,651	-		20,651
Deposits payable		47,503	-		47,503
Accrued interest		67,001	-		67,001
Unearned revenue		979,514	-		979,514
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within one year		593,320	-		593,320
Due in more than one year		7,729,489	-		7,729,489
Total liabilities		9,527,685	65,203		9,592,888
NET ASSETS					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		6,084,016	1,457,257		7,541,273
Restricted		2,139,396	-		2,139,396
Unrestricted		(1,048,258)	940,031		(108,227)
Total net assets	\$	7,175,154	\$2,397,288_	\$.	9,572,442

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended April 30, 2011

				Progran	n Rev	Revenues		
			•	Charges for		Operating		
		Expenses	_	Services		Grants		
Functions/Programs					_	-		
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	1,392,519	\$	755,800	\$	-		
Public safety		4,234,766		797,553		-		
Public works		1,872,095		390,189		-		
Interest	_	264,763	-		_			
Total governmental activities	_	7,764,143	-	1,943,542		<u>-</u>		
Business-type activities								
Water and Sewer	_	1,320,134	_	1,381,053	_	-		
Total	\$_	9,084,277	\$_	3,324,595	\$_	-		

General revenues

Taxes

Intergovernmental

Interest

Transfers - internal activity

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Cn	anges in Net Ass	CLS	
	Governmental		Business-type		
	Activities		Activities	_	Total
\$	(636,719)	\$	-	\$	(636,719)
	(3,437,213)		-		(3,437,213)
	(1,481,906)		-		(1,481,906)
-	(264,763)				(264,763)
-	(5,820,601)		-	_	(5,820,601)
-	-		60,919	_	60,919
-	(5,820,601)		60,919	_	(5,759,682)
	3,856,463		-		3,856,463
	2,503,350		-		2,503,350
	7,553		311		7,864
-	20,985		<u> </u>	_	20,985
•	6,388,351		311	_	6,388,662
	567,750		61,230		628,980
-	6,607,404		2,336,058	_	8,943,462
\$_	7,175,154	\$	2,397,288	\$_	9,572,442

Governmental Funds BALANCE SHEET April 30, 2011

	General	Motor Fuel Tax		Special ervice Area and Proceeds	General Obligation Bonds Fund		Grant	_	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,160,875	433,180	\$	332,706	7,592	\$	311,635	\$	307,265 \$	2,553,253
Receivables, net of allowance		•		,	. ,		,		,	_,,
Property taxes	631,731	-		-	196,189		-		_	827,920
Intergovernmental	592,596	17,124		-	_		_		-	609,720
Other	113,398	-		_	-		164,985		1,136	279,519
Prepaids	4,526	-		-	_		, -		´-	4,526
Due from other funds	986,925	_		_	378,058		-		30,373	1,395,356
Advances to other fund	7,475	-		-	_		-		_	7,475
Land held for resale	1,000,000		· -		-			_	· -	1,000,000
Total assets	\$ <u>4,497,526</u>	450,304	\$_	332,706	581,839	\$	476,620	\$	338,774 \$	6,677,769
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LANCES									
Liabilities			_							
• •	\$ 88,175 S	5 -	\$	- 5	-	\$	-	\$	2,032 \$	•
Accrued payroll liabilities	20,651	-		-	-		-		-	20,651
Deposits payable	47,503	-		-	-		-		-	47,503
Advances from other fund	-	7,475		-	-		-		-	7,475
Due to other funds	572,899	-		330,564	-		639,613		27,967	1,571,043
Due to Police Pension Fund		-		-	-		-		_	-
Unearned revenue	783,325				196,189	-	-	-	-	979,514
Total liabilities	1,512,553	7,475		330,564	196,189		639,613	-	29,999	2,716,393
Fund balances										
Reserved for:										
Advances to other fund	7,475	-		-	-		-		-	7,475
Land held for resale	1,000,000	-		-	-		-			1,000,000
Capital projects	•	-		2,142	-		-		-	2,142
Debt service	-	-		-	385,650		-		257,477	643,127
Special revenue	-	442,829		-	-		-		51,298	494,127
Unreserved - undesignated	1,977,498		_	-		-	(162,993)	-	-	1,814,505
Total fund balance (deficit)	2,984,973	442,829	_	2,142	385,650	_	(162,993)	-	308,775	3,961,376
Total liabilities and fund balance	6 <u>4,497,526</u> \$	450,304	\$_	332,706 \$	581,839	\$_	476,620	\$	338,774_\$	6,677,769

Governmental Funds RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets differ from the governmental funds balance sheet because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 3,961,376

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

11,603,588

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, installment notes, interest payable, compensated absences, accrued interest, and net pension obligation, are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, these liabilities are not reported in the current period and, consequently, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(8,389,810)

Net assets - governmental activities

\$ 7,175,154

Governmental Funds STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended April 30, 2011

_	General Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund	General Obligation Bonds Fund	Grant Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 3,122,987 \$		- \$	375,273 \$	- 1	358,203 \$	
Intergovernmental	1,880,807	249,961	-	-	372,582	_	2,503,350
Licenses and permits	390,189	-	-	-	-	-	390,189
Fines	797,553	-	-	-	-	-	797,553
Charges for services	55,642	-	-	-	-	-	55,642
Investment income	1,301	458	3,232	141	351	2,070	7,553
Miscellaneous	1,072,979	-	-		-	-	1,072,979
Total revenues	7,321,458	250,419	3,232	375,414	372,933	360,273	8,683,729
Expenditures Current							
General government	1,403,314	-	60	-	-	-	1,403,374
Public safety	3,798,569	-	-	_	_	131,390	3,929,959
Public works	1,191,724	91,195	-	_	-	-	1,282,919
Grant expenditures	50,500	-	-	-	538,246	-	588,746
Miscellaneous	-	_	1,030	929	_	11,232	13,191
Capital outlay	115,485	-	-	_	-	343	115,828
Debt service	-					•	·
Principal	257,510	-	-	270,000	-	125,000	652,510
Interest	56,343			97,603		115,482	269,428
Total expenditures	6,873,445	91,195	1,090	368,532	538,246	383,447	8,255,955
Other financing sources							
Loan proceeds	1,102,534	_	_	_	_	_	1,102,534
Transfer in	20,985	-	-	-	-	-	20,985
Total other financing sources		-		- -		-	1,123,519
Net change in fund balances	1,571,532	159,224	2,142	6,882	(165,313)	(23,174)	1,551,293
Fund balance (deficit) Beginning of year	1,441,262	283,605	<u> </u>	378,768	2,320	331,949	2,437,904
End of year	\$ <u>3,012,794</u> \$	442,829	2,142 \$	385,650 \$	(162,993)	308,775 \$	3,989,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

April 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,551,293
activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital		
outlay.		(329,931)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, compensated absences) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt, increases in compensated absences, and increases in accrued interest payable consume the		
current financial resources of governmental funds.	_	(625,791)
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$_	595,571

Water and Sewer Fund - Proprietary Fund STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

	-	Business-Type Activity
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	660,744
Customer receivables (net of allowance)		168,803
Due from other funds		175,687
Total current assets	•	1,005,234
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	1,457,257
Total assets	_	2,462,491
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		65,203
Total liabilities		65,203
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,457,257
Unrestricted	,	940,031
Total net assets	\$	2,397,288

Water and Sewer Fund - Proprietary Fund STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Ĭ	Business-Type Activity
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	1,311,746
Penalties		40,144
Total operating revenues	_	1,351,890
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Current		
Personal services	•	371,975
Commodities		640,822
Other services		228,263
Capital outlay		14,510
Depreciation		64,564
Total operating expenses		1,320,134
OPERATING INCOME		31,756
NONOPERATING REVENUE		
Antenna leasing		29,163
Interest income		311
Total nonoperating revenues	. —	29,474
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		61,230
TOTAL NET ASSETS		
Beginning of year		2,336,058
End of year	\$	2,397,288

Water and Sewer Fund - Proprietary Fund STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Business-Type Activity
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	
Cash received from customers	\$	1,346,571
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(816,268)
Cash paid to employees for services	•	(371,975)
Net cash provided by operating activities		158,328
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Change in due from/to other funds		43,885
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of capital lease		(13,754)
Net cash used in capital and related finaning activities		(13,754)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received		311
Antenna leasing		29,163
Net cash provided by operating activities	· .	29,474
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		217,933
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year		442,811
End of year	\$	660,744
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	31,756
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation		64,564
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		(5,319)
Accounts payable	•	41,826
Sewer fee liability	-	25,501
Net cash provided in operating activities	\$	158,328

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Fiduciary Funds STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS April 30, 2011

	-	Pension Fund		Agency Fund
		Police		Special
	-	Pension	-	Assessments
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	109,224	\$	24,513
Investments		13,895,478		74,473
Accrued interest receivable	-	97,819	-	-
Total assets	-	14,102,521	\$_	98,986
LIABILITIES				
Due to property owners	-		\$_	98,986
Total liabilities	-	-	\$_	98,986
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$_	14,102,521		

Police Pension Fund STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS Year Ended April 30, 2011

		ADDITIONS
		ADDITIONS Contributions
472,179	\$	Employer
184,741	Φ	Members
104,741		Memoers
656,920		Total contributions
		Investment income
784,357		Net increase in fair value of investments
419,798		Interest
		
1,204,155		Total investment income
(39,828)		Less investment expense
1,164,327	. 	Net investment income
1,821,247		Total additions
		DEDUCTIONS
711,062		Pension benefits
583		Refunds
26,578		Administrative expense
738,223	· ——	Total deductions
1,083,024		NET INCREASE
		PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS
13,019,497	1;	Beginning of year
14,102,521	\$14	End of year
1	1	PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS Beginning of year

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April 30, 2010

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Harwood Heights (Village) was incorporated on November 25, 1947 in Cook County, Illinois. The Village operates under the mayor-trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police protection, highways and streets, sanitation, water and sewer, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The Village has adopted the provisions of a home-rule government body.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the Village's significant accounting policies:

1. Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- a. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- b. Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based on the above criteria, the Village does not have any component units.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated in the fund financial statements, reported separately in the supplementary information.

3. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, which are considered as separate accounting entities. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The Village's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the financial statements in this report into generic fund types and broad fund categories as follows:

a. Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. The Village's expendable financial resources (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is based upon the determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the Village's governmental fund types:

i. The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

- a. Governmental Fund Types (Continued)
 - ii. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village's special revenue funds are the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Criminal Investigation Fund, Grant Fund, and the Emergency Telephone System Fund.
 - iii. <u>Debt service funds</u> are used to account for the accumulation of resources for debt service payments. The Village has two debt service funds, the General Obligation Bonds Fund and the Special Service Area Debt Service Fund.
 - iv. <u>Capital project funds</u> are used to account for the use of resources for capital improvements. The Village's capital project fund is the Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund.

b. Proprietary Fund Types

<u>Proprietary funds</u> are used to account for the Village's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income.

i. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Water and Sewer Fund is the Village's sole enterprise fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

c. Fiduciary Fund Types

<u>Fiduciary</u> <u>funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

- Pension trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds, since capital
 maintenance is critical. The Police Pension Fund is the Village's sole pension trust fund and is audited by
 other auditors.
- ii. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. The Special Assessment Agency Fund is the Village's sole agency fund.

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. A six-month availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

Property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for the operation of street maintenance programs and capital projects as authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided from the Village's share of state motor fuel taxes.

The General Obligation Bonds Fund is a debt service fund and is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's general obligation bonds. The principal sources of revenue are property taxes.

The Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund is a capital projects fund and is used to account for the bond proceeds issued for the purpose of constructing various capital improvements within the special service area.

The Grant Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the use of resources provided by other governmental agencies for specific public works or capital improvement projects.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of potable water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this Fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the Village reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *Police Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the employer contributions which are based upon actuarial studies and funded through an annual property tax levy.

The Special Assessment Agency Fund accounts for the changes in assets and liabilities for the special assessment area debt payments.

The Village's proprietary fund applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as relevant Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case the GASB pronouncements prevail.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. All taxes are reported as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Village reports unearned revenue on its balance sheet. Uncarned revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue also arises when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Cash Equivalents

The Village considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

6. Receivables

The recognition of receivables associated with nonexchange transactions is as follows:

- Derived tax receivables (such as sales, income, and motor fuel taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange has occurred.
- Imposed nonexchange receivables (such as property taxes and fines) are recognized when an enforceable legal claim has arisen.
- Government mandates or voluntary nonexchange transaction receivables such as grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met.

7. Investments

Investments consist of treasury obligations, state and local obligations, mutual funds, and insurance contracts carried in the pension trust fund. Investments are stated at fair value.

8. Interfund Transactions

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided, services rendered, and for lending/borrowing purposes. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from/to other funds" (the current portion of interfund transactions) or "advance from/to other fund" (the noncurrent portion of interfund transactions) on the fund balance sheets.

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as having a useful life greater than one year with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, including street overlays, that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20
Land improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	20 - 60

10. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vacation and sick leave that are expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay them. Accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are reported as long-term debt on the government-wide statement of net assets. Accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses and liabilities of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net assets.

12. Fund Equity and Restrictions of Net Assets

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports net assets restricted by enabling legislation which consist of the following:

Net assets restricted for:	_	Amount		
Motor fuel tax	\$	442,829		
Crime investigation		6,337		
Public safety - 911 service		44,961		
Debt service		643,127		
Capital projects	_	2,142		
Total net assets restricted by enabling legislation	\$	1,139,396		

13. Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Land	\$	629,428
Capital assets subject to depreciation		17,287,685
Accumulated depreciation	_	(6,313,525)

Net total capital assets not reported in governmental funds

\$ 11,603,588

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, installment notes, interest payable, compensated absences, accrued interest, and net pension obligation, are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, these liabilities are not reported in the current period and, consequently, are not reported in the governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

General obligation bonds payable	\$	(5,265,000)
Installment notes		(1,153,037)
Accrued interest		(67,001)
Compensated absences payable		(774,071)
Capital lease payable	•	(97,920)
Net pension obligation	_	(1,032,781)
	_	

Net total long-term liabilities not reported in governmental funds \$_(8,389,810)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2011

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net change in fund balances – total governmental funds and change in net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	102,534
Depreciation expense		(432,465)
		_
Net total amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay	\$_	(329,931)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, compensated absences) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt, increases in compensated absences, and increases in accrued interest payable consume the current financial resources of governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Decrease in accrued interest	\$	4,665
Net increase in general installment notes		(738,875)
Principal payments on general obligation bonds		395,000
Net increase in net pension obligation	-	(157,204)
Net increase in compensated absences		(53,520)
Net increase in capital lease obligation		(75,857)
Net changes in current financial resources	\$	(625,791)

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Village Deposits and Investments

The Village's investment policy authorizes the Village to invest in the following instruments. These include deposits in interest-bearing checking or savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposits or interest-bearing time deposits, insured savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, or other securities guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Village's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

1. Village Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in The Illinois Funds are valued at The Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

It is the policy of the Village to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance at an amount not less than 110% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by a Village-approved independent third party or the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago in the Village's name. At April 30, 2011, \$78,670 of the Village's total deposits of \$3,312,986 was uncollateralized.

Investments

The following table presents the Village's investments and maturities as of April 30, 2011.

Investment Type			_	Inve	t Maturities	aturities in Years		
		Fair Value		Less than 1	1 - 5		Greater than 5	
The Illinois Funds Certificates of Deposit	\$ _	1,265,238 74,473	\$	1,265,238 74,473	\$ ·		\$	
	\$_	1,339,711	\$_	1,339,711	. \$_		\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

1. Village Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short- and long-term cash flow needs, while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

The Village limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in external investment pools. The Village's investment policy does not discuss credit risk for investments. The Illinois Funds is rated AAAM.

Custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy does not discuss custodial credit risk related to investments. The Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Village's investment policy does not discuss concentration of credit risk related to investments. At April 30, 2011, the Village did not have greater than five percent of its overall portfolio invested in any single investment type, except for The Illinois Funds.

2. Police Pension Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations

The deposits and investments of the Police Pension Fund (the Pension Fund) are held separately from those of other Village funds.

Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits or invest in interest-bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the state of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; state of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer, or by banks, their subsidiaries, or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the state of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the state of Illinois; and direct obligations of the State of Israel.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations (Continued)

Also authorized are deposits or investments in money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; and general accounts of life insurance and separate accounts of life insurance companies. Pension funds with net assets of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net assets in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. In addition, pension funds with net assets of at least \$5 million and that have appointed an investment advisor, may, through that investment advisor, invest up to forty-five percent of the plan's net assets in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions.

a. Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$109,224, and the bank balances totaled \$109,224.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations (Continued)

a. Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk (Continued)

Investments. At year-end, the Pension Fund has the following investment maturities:

		Investment Maturities in Years							
Investment Type	Fair Value	-	Less than 1	_	1-5		6-10		More than 10
U.S. Treasury									
Notes \$	447,437	\$	-	\$	111,219	\$	336,218	\$	_
U.S. Treasury									
Strips	381,677		146,570		159,850		75,257		-
Governmental									
National Mortgage	111,210		-		-		-		111,210
Federal National									
Mortgage	245,662		-		245,662		-		-
Federal Farm									
Credit Bank	2,320,473		-		900,851		1,419,622		-
Federal Home									
Loan Bank	3,512,215		-		1,487,598		1,133,428		891,189
State and Local									
Obligations	1,628,338		150,323		340,092		856,121		281,802
Money Market							-		
Mutual Funds	502,706		502,706		-		-		_
The Illinois Funds	1,431		1,431		-		_		-
-		-		_		_		-	
TOTAL \$	9,151,149	\$_	801,030	\$_	3,245,272	\$ _	3,820,646	\$_	1,284,201

The Pension Fund assumes that any callable securities will not be called.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30</u>, 2011

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations (Continued)

a. Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity, while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Pension Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States government. The Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The investments in the securities of the U.S. government agencies and state and local obligations were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services. Other than investing in securities issued by agencies of the United States government, the Pension Fund has no other formal policy for reducing credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. At April 30, 2011, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Pension Fund's investment policy does not require pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, since flow-through FDIC insurance is available for the Pension Fund's deposits with financial institutions.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Illinois Funds, money market mutual funds, and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2011, the U.S. government agencies and the state and local obligations are held by the counterparty in the trust department. The Pension Fund does not have a formal written policy with regard to custodial credit risk for investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations (Continued)

a. Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Pension Fund's investment in a single issuer. The Pension Fund does not have a formal written policy regarding concentration of credit risk for investments. At April 30, 2011, the Pension Fund has over 5% of its net plan assets invested in various agency securities, as indicated in the table above. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however, the investments are diversified by maturity date, and, as mentioned earlier, are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U. S. government. They are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by U.S. Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulations.

The Pension Fund has diversified the equity mutual fund holdings as follows:

Equity Mutual Funds	_	Fair Value
American Beacon Large Cap Fund	\$	7 47,270
Baron Small Cap Fund		276,107
DFA Emerging Markets Value Fund		27,662
DFA International Value Fund		190,605
DFA Real Estate Fund		190,541
Fidelity Advisor New Insights		856,297
First Eagle Overseas Fund		167,967
Lazard Emerging Markets Equity Fund	82,914	
Royce Premier Fund		283,206
Royce Total Return Fund		247,968
RS Global Natural Resource A	•	126,402
T. Rowe Price International Discovery Fund		161,041
Vanguard Institutional Index Fund		1,200,295
William Blair International Growth Fund	186,054	
	_	
Total equity mutual funds	\$_	4,744,329

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>April 30</u>, 2011

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2010 tax year attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2010 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a tax levy ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2011 and September 1, 2011. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. Because the 2010 levy is intended to finance the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, it has been offset by unearned revenue at April 30, 2011. The 2011 levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2011, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2011, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December 2011; therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2011.

NOTE E - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

1. Due from/to Other Funds

	Due fror	n	Due to
General			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ -	\$	378,058
SSA Bond Proceeds	300,1	91	-
SSA Debt Service	11,1	63	-
Grant	639,6	13	-
Motor Fuel Tax	7,4	75	-
Water and Sewer	-		175,687
Emergency 911	16,8	04	-
Total General	\$975;2	46· \$ ·	- 553,745

Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE E - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)			
		Due from	Due to
1. <u>Due from/to Other Funds</u> (Continued)			
Other governmental funds			
General Obligation Bonds - General	\$	378,058 \$	_
Emergency 911	Ψ	- στο,σσο φ	16,804
SSA Bond Proceeds - General		_	300,191
Motor Fuel Tax - General		_	7,475
SSA Debt Service - General		_	11,163
SSA Bonds Proceeds - SSA Debt Service		30,373	-
SSA Debt Service - SSA Bonds Proceeds		-	30,373
Grant - General		. -	639,613
Total governmental funds		408,431	1,005,619
Water and Sewer Fund		175,687	
Total all Funds		1,559,364	1,559,364
Less amounts eliminated during GASB 34 conversion		(1,383,677)	(1,383,677)
Total Village internal balances	\$	175,687 \$	175,687
2. Advances from/to Other Funds			
2. Intuites Intuity Outer 1 unus		Advances to	Advances from
•	•		
General - Motor Fuel Tax	\$	7,475 \$	_
Motor Fuel Tax - General		-	7,475
	-	_	
Less amounts eliminated during GASB 34 conversion	-	(7,475)	(7,475)
Total Village advances from/to other funds	\$_	- \$	<u> </u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2011 was as follows:

1. Governmental Activities

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Disposals		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated	_		-	***************************************	-	·	-	
Land	\$_	629,428	\$_	•	\$_	-	\$_	629,428
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		6,095,881		-		-		6,095,881
Machinery and equipment		2,116,983		102,534		156,357		2,063,160
Land improvements		121,499		-		-		121,499
Infrastructure	_	9,007,145	_	-	_			9,007,145
Total capital assets, being depreciated	d _	17,341,508	-	102,534	_	156,357		17,287,685
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		958,929		127,399		_		1,086,328
Machinery and equipment		1,527,657		160,173		156,357		1,531,473
Land improvements		92,455		2,650		-		95,105
Infrastructure	_	3,458,376	-	142,243	_	<u>-</u>	_	3,600,619
Total accumulated depreciation	_	6,037,417	 -	432,465	- <u>-</u>	156,357	_	6,313,525
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	_	11,304,091	_	(329,931)	_		_	10,974,160
Governmental activities capital assets,	\$	11,933,519	\$	(220 021)	\$		æ	11 602 500
net	ъ ==	11,933,319	⊅ =	(329,931)	⊅ =		⊅ =	11,603,588

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

2. Business-Type Activities

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Disposals		Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated		,	Ī		_			
Machinery and equipment	\$	185,687	\$	-	\$	_	\$	185,687
Land improvements		34,700		-		-		34,700
Infrastructure	_	3,614,529	-		_	•		3,614,529
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	3,834,916	-		_	-		3,834,916
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Machinery and equipment		117,767		11,964		-		129,731
Land improvements		34,700		-		-		34,700
Infrastructure	_	2,160,628	-	52,600	_			2,213,228
Total accumulated depreciation	_	2,313,095	_	64,564	_	-		2,377,659
Business-type activities, capital								
assets, net	\$_	1,521,821	\$_	(64,564)	\$_	•	\$_	1,457,257

3. Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 103,792
Public safety	117,198
Public works, streets, and lighting	 211,475
	\$ 432,465
The state of the s	
Business – type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 64,564

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; natural disasters; employee health; and injuries to the Village's employees. In order to protect against these risks, the Village is a member of the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Agency (IMLRMA). IMLRMA is a joint risk management pool of numerous cities and villages throughout the state of Illinois through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit. In addition, the Village provides health insurance to its employees through a third-party indemnity policy. The Village pays a monthly premium to the insurance company for its coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverages in the current or preceding two fiscal years.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the Village's long-term liability balances and transactions for the year ended April 30, 2011:

_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Retirements	_	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities									
General obligation bonds									
Series 2003 \$	2,895,000	\$	-	\$	270,000	\$	2,625,000	\$	280,000
Series 2006A	255,000		-		125,000		130,000		130,000
Series 2006B	2,510,000		-		-		2,510,000		-
Total general		•		-		_		_	
obligation bonds	5,660,000	-	-	_	395,000	_	5,265,000		410,000
Installment notes	414,162		1,000,000		261,125		1,153,037		156,652
Net pension obligation	869,954		1,026,877		869,954		1,026,877		-
OPEB obligation	5,623		5,904		5,623		5,904		-
payable							-		
Compensated absences	720,551		774,071		720,551		774,071		-
Capital lease obligations					_				
(Note I)	22,063		91,593		15,736		97,920		26,668
Total governmental long-		•		-		_		_	<u> </u>
term liabilities \$	7,692,353	\$_	2,898,445	\$_	2,267,989	\$_	8,322,809	\$_	593,320
Business-type activities	12.064	Φ.		Φ.	12.751	Φ		Φ.	
Capital lease \$	13,754	\$_	-	\$ =	13,754	\$ =	· -	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE H- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

2. Long-Term Debt - Terms and Maturities

\$3,500,000 Series 2003 general obligation bonds, payable in one installment of \$350,000 on December 1, 2005 and annual installments ranging from \$255,000 to \$380,000 commencing December 1, 2010 and payable through December 1, 2018; interest is payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.25% to 4.05% commencing June 1, 2004.	\$	2,625,000
\$490,000 Series 2006A general obligation bonds payable in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$130,000 commencing December 1, 2008 and payable through December 1, 2011; interest is payable semiannually at rates ranging from 3.75% to 3.88% commencing December 1, 2006.		130,000
\$2,510,000 Series 2006B general obligation bonds, payable in annual installments ranging from \$135,000 to \$235,000 commencing December 1, 2012, and payable through December 1, 2025; interest is payable semiannually at rates ranging from 4.20% to 4.25% commencing December 1, 2006.	\$_	2,510,000
Total general obligations bonds payable	\$_	5,265,000
The installment notes payable at April 30, 2011 is as follows:		
\$1,000,000 promissory note, payable on May 31, 2012, with monthly interest payments at 4.0%.	\$	996,385
\$1,195,000 Series 2006 promissory note, payable in monthly installments of \$22,808 beginning January 1, 2007 through December 1, 2011, with interest at 5.39%.	\$_	156,652
Total installment notes payable	\$_	1,153,037

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE H- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

2. Long-Term Debt - Terms and Maturities (Continued)

The annual requirements to retire the general obligation bonds and installment notes outstanding as of April 30, 2011 are as follows:

Year	_	Gener	General Obligation Bonds Payable					Installment Notes				
Ending April 30,		Principal	_	Interest		Total	. <u>-</u>	Principal	. –	Interest		
2012	\$	410,000	\$	199,521	\$	609,521	\$	156,652	\$	43,006		
2013		425,000		185,378		610,378		996,385		-		
2014		445,000		170,282		615,282		-		-		
. 2015		465,000		154,338		619,338		_		-		
2016		485,000		137,468		622,468		-		-		
2017-2021		1,960,000		416,200		2,376,200		-		-		
2022-2026	_	1,075,000	_	140,688	_	1,215,688		-	_	-		
	\$_	5,265,000	\$_	1,403,875	\$_	6,668,875	\$_	1,153,037	\$_	43,006		

3. Legal Debt Margin

The Village is a home rule municipality.

Chapter 6, Section 518-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and required referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property. . . (2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent: if its indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum . . . shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date, the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE I - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

At April 30, 2011, the Village is obligated for future payments under a noncancellable equipment lease as follows:

Year		Capital Lease					
Ending	_	Governmental Activities					
April 30,	_	Principal	Interest				
2012	\$	26,668	\$	5,469			
2013		27,331		3,828			
2014		29,087		2,051			
2015	_	14,834	_	292			
	_	_	•				
	\$_	97,920	\$_	11,640			

The cost of the capital assets acquired through capital lease is \$194,915, with accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense of \$68,373 and \$46,174, respectively, at April 30, 2011.

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

a. Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent, multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

b. Funding Policy

As set by state statute, the Village's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the Village to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2010 was 11.82 percent of annual covered payroll. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by state statute.

c. Annual Pension Cost

For 2010, the Village's annual pension cost of \$116,230 for the regular plan was equal to the Village's required and actual contributions.

Trend Information								
Actuarial Valuation Date	. <u> </u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation			
12/31/10	\$	116,230	100%	\$	· -			
12/31/09		71,684	100%		-			
12/31/08		80,418	100%		-			

The required contribution for 2010 was determined as part of the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2008 included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4 percent a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4 percent to 10 percent per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) postretirement benefit increases of 3 percent annually. The actuarial value of the Village's regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20 percent corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The Village's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2008 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30-year basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

d. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 77.45 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,141,909 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,658,811, resulting in underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$483,098. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$983,333 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 49 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

2. Police Pension Plan

a. Plan Description

The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The Police Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, as well as automatic annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Plan members are required to contribute 9.91% of their annual covered payroll. The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and contribution requirements of the plan members and the Village are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may only be amended by the Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

At April 30, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Active plan members	24
Total plan membership	39

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided in Illinois State Statutes:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last date, whichever is greater.

The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement, and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2040, the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is 90% funded.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

i. Reporting Entity

The Police Pension Fund is a component unit of the Village of Harwood Heights, Illinois. The decision to include the Police Pension Fund in the Village's reporting entity was made based upon the significance of the operational or financial relationship with the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters (Continued)

i. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Village's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees' Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. The pension board consists of two members appointed by the Village's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees. The Village and PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The state of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. The PPERS is included in the Village's annual financial report as a blended component unit and is reported as a pension trust fund.

The Village's police pension plan issues its own financial report and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Village of Harwood Heights, 7300 W. Wilson, Harwood Heights, Illinois 60706.

ii. Basis of Presentation

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to pay retirement and other related benefits for sworn members of the Village's Police Department.

iii. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus. Pension trust funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of changes in net assets. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Pension trust fund equity is classified as net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters (Continued)

iii. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Basis of Accounting. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by pension trust funds. Under this method, additions to net plan assets are recorded when earned and deductions from net plan assets are recorded when the time-related liabilities are incurred. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

iv. Investments

Police Pension Fund investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

v. Short-term Interfund Receivables and Payables

Police Pension Fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. The major receivable balances for the Police Pension Fund is accrued interest from cash and investments:

c. Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost

The Village's payroll for employees covered by the Police Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2011 was \$1,795,261 out of a total payroll of \$3,405,371.

For the year ended April 30, 2011, the Village's annual pension cost was \$629,028. Actual contributions made by the Village were \$472,175. The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of April 30 of the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

c. Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed, and the amortization period was 28 years; the asset valuation method was a market value method; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.5%, compounded annually including a 2.5% inflation factor, a projected salary increase of 4.5%, compounded annually, including a 2.5% inflation factor, and cost-of-living adjustments of 3.0%, compounded annually.

The Village's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Police Pension Fund were obtained from the fund's most recent actuarial valuation (April 30, 2011) and are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	576,467
Interest on net pension obligation	_	52,631
Annual pension cost		629,098
Contributions made	_	(472,175)
Increase in net pension obligation		156,923
Net pension obligation as of May 1, 2009	_	869,954
Net pension obligation as of April 30, 2010	\$_	1,026,877

d. Three-Year Trend Information

	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Required	of APC	Pension
Ending	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation
		· · · ·	
4/30/11	\$ 576,467	81.91%	\$ 1,026,877
4/30/10	514,990	83.72%	869,954
4/30/09	542,423	94.82%	737,056

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2011

NOTE J - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

2. Police Pension Plan (Continued)

e. Compliance Audit

The Police Pension Fund is subject to a program compliance audit by the Illinois Department of Insurance. The compliance audit by the Illinois Department of Insurance for the year ended April 30, 2011 has not yet been conducted. Accordingly, the Police Pension Fund's compliance with applicable requirements will be established at some future date. The amount of any adjustments to be made by the Illinois Department of Insurance cannot be determined at this time. However, the Police Pension Fund expects such adjustments, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE K - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Village administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides the ability for retirees and their spouses to access the Village's group health insurance plan during retirement, provided they are on the group health insurance plan at the time of retirement, until the age of 65. Retirees may be responsible to contribute a portion of the premium toward the cost of their insurance. Retirees may also access dental benefits on a "direct pay" basis. For 2011, a total of 2 former employees or spouses accessed a postemployment benefit through the Village.

Funding Policy

Retirees have the option of choosing from an HMO or PPO plan through the Village. The Village contributes a percentage of the health insurance premium in accordance with applicable board policy in force at the time of retirement. For fiscal year 2011, the Village contributed \$18,627 toward the cost of the postemployment benefits for retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE K - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Village's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	_	April 30, 2011.
Annual required contribution	\$	18,627
Interest on net OPEB obligation		281
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	
Annual OPEB cost		18,908
Contributions made	_	(18,627)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		281
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	_	5,623
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$_	5,904

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
April 30, 2011

NOTE K - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2011 and the two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
4/30/11	\$ 18,908	98.5% \$	5,904
4/30/10	19,344	70.9%	5,623
4/30/09	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - not available

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of April 30, 2010, the most recent actuary date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$0. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll were not available.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involved estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule offunding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

NOTE K - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Contribution rates:

Village N/A
Plan members 0.00%

Actuarial valuation date 4/30/2010

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization period Level percentage of pay, open

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return*

Projected salary increases

Healthcare inflation rate

5.00%

Healthcare inflation rate

8.00% initial
6.00% ultimate

Mortatility, Turnover, Disability, Retirement Ages

Same rate utilized for IMRF and Police Pension Funds

and rouse religion runds

Percentage of active employees assumed to elect 20% benefit

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2011

NOTE K - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions (Continued)
Employer provided benefit

Explicit (eligible disabled pensioners): 100% of premium for life

Implicit: 40% of premium to age 65 (50% of \$345/mo + 50% of \$681/mo)

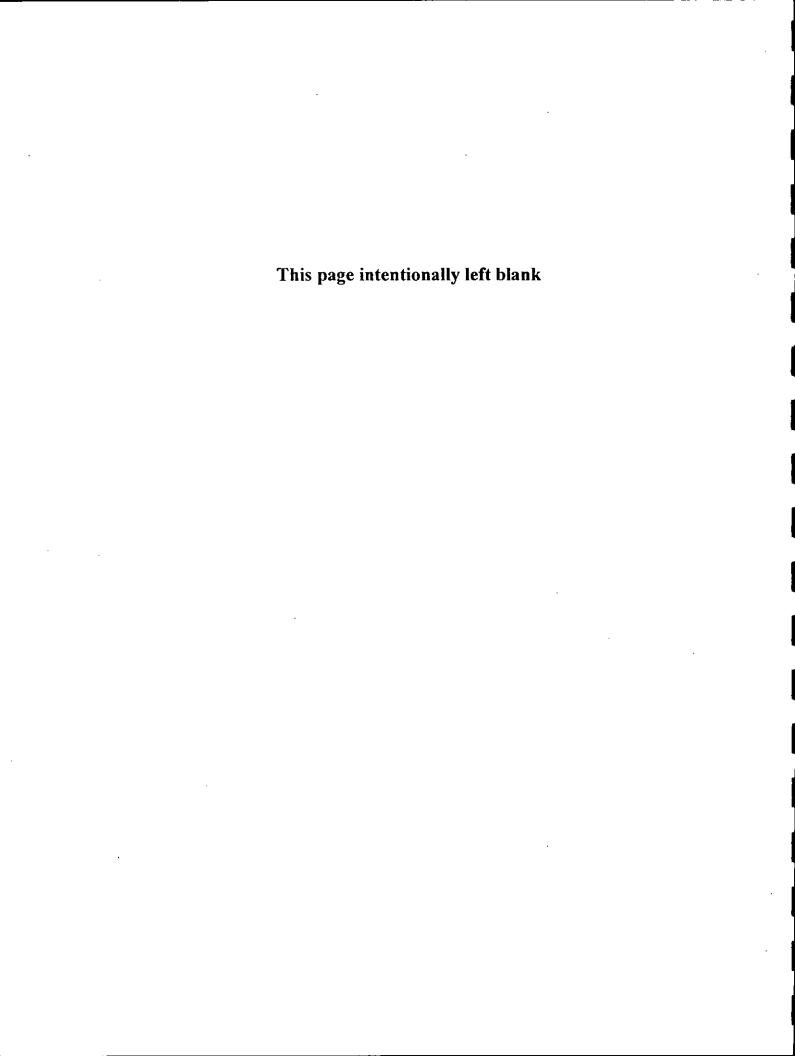
*Includes inflation at 3.00%

NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state of Illinois. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE M - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 10, 2012, the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that no events or transactions, other than those events noted below, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date that require disclosure in the financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

Police Pension Fund SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2011

Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (1)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (2)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	Funded Ratio (1)/(2)	<u>.</u> .	Covered Payroll (3)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2-1)/3)	
2011	4/30/10	5 14,553,194 \$	17,879,996	\$ 3,326,802	81.39	%\$	1,795,261	185.31	%
2010	4/30/09	13,738,504	16,276,113	2,537,609	84.41		1,898,391	133.67	
2009	4/30/08	12,349,488	17,625,339	5,275,851	70.07		1,884,359	279.98	
2008	4/30/07	12,335,234	14,597,274	2,262,040	84.50		1,884,358	120.04	
2007	4/30/06	11,392,328	13,515,913	2,123,585	84.29		1,887,925	112.48	
2006	4/30/05	10,849,691	12,641,688	1,791,997	85.82		1,801,108	99.49	
2005	4/30/04	10,420,632	12,486,930	2,066,298	83.45		1,802,054	114,66	
2004	4/30/03	9,626,326	11,414,489	1,788,163	84.33		1,707,962	104.70	
2003	4/30/02	9,245,195	10,541,343	1,296,148	87.70		1,639,194	79.07	
2002	4/30/01	8,530,209	9,703,011	1,172,802	87.91		1,491,993	78.61	

Source: Actuarial valuations and the required supplementary information presented in the Police Pension Fund's financial statements.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS April 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
12/31/10	\$ 1,658,811	\$ 2,141,909 \$	483,098	77.4 % \$	983,333	49.1	%
12/31/09	1,418,160	1,969,763	551,603	72.0	1,005,380	54.9	
12/31/08	1,197,584	1,789,101	591,517	66.9	1,052,595	56.2	

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2010 is \$1,846,103. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 86.19%

Other Postemployment Benefits SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS <u>April 30, 2011</u>

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Acci Liability	(AAL) Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
04/30/10 \$	-	\$ 39	9,518 \$	399,518	0.0	% \$	N/A	N/A	%
04/30/09	N/A	N	/ A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
04/30/08	N/A	N	/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	

N/A - Not Available

The Village implemented GASB 45 in its fiscal year ended April 30, 2010. April 30, 2010 was the most recent actuarial valuation date.

Police Pension Fund SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS April 30, 2011

Year Ended April 30	<u>C</u>	Employer ontributions	<u>C</u>	Annual Required Contribution		entage ributed	_	Net Pension Obligation
2011	\$	472,179	\$	576,467		81.91 %	\$	979,869
2010		431,147		514,990		83.72		869,954
2009		514,335		542,423		94.82		737,056
2008		402,352		470,168		85.58		659,505
2007		386,150		417,478		92.50		571,663
2006		312,343		400,261		78.03		543,271
2005		-		376,670		-		456,458
2004		295,239		339,791		86.89		79,458
2003		323,479		316,680	1	02.15		67,255

General Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended April 30, 2011

_	_	Original and Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	2,850,768	\$	3,122,987	. \$	272,219
Intergovernmental		1,781,000		1,880,807		99,807
Licenses and permits		417,450		390,189		(27,261)
Fines		794,500		797,553		3,053
Charges for services		55,361		55,642		281
Investment income		700		1,301		601
Miscellaneous	_	1,127,847		1,072,979	-	(54,868)
Total revenues	_	7,027,626		7,321,458		293,832
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		1,380,463		1,403,314		22,851
Public safety		3,935,413		3,798,569		(136,844)
Public works		1,180,421		1,191,724		11,303
Debt service (installment note)				, ,		,
Principal		251,673		257,510		5,837
Interest		22,027		56,343		34,316
Grants		77,000		50,500		(26,500)
Capital outlay	_	149,949	_	115,485	_	(34,464)
Total expenditures	. –	6,996,946		6,873,445	_	(123,501)
Other financing sources						
Loan proceeds		-		1,102,534		1,102,534
Transfer in	•	<u>-</u>		20,985	_	20,985
Total other financing sources	_		_	1,123,519	-	1,123,519
Net change in fund balance	\$_	30,680		1,571,532	\$_	1,540,852
Fund balance						
Beginning of year				1,441,262		
End of year			\$	3,012,794		

Motor Fuel Tax Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2011

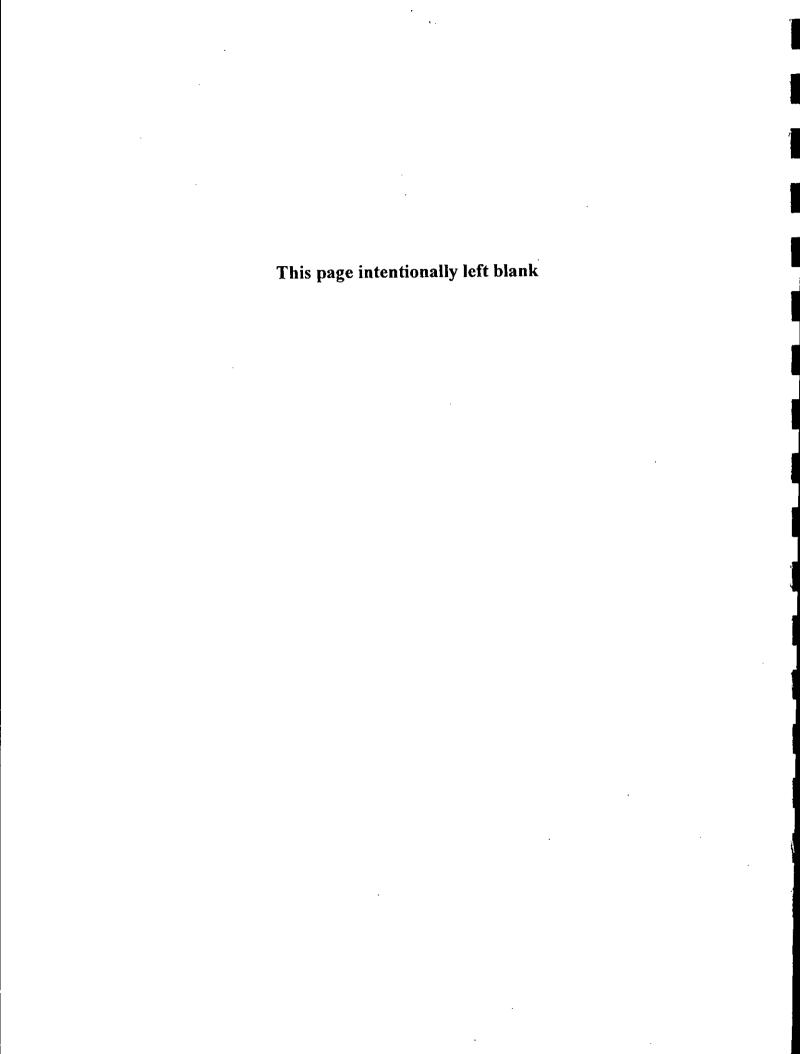
		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues	_				_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Intergovernmental						
State of Illinois motor fuel tax	\$	194,618	\$	249,961	\$	55,343
Investment income		350	· —	458	_	108
Total revenues	_	194,968		250,419	_	55,451
Expenditures						
Public works						
Streets and lighting						
Street light repair		6,000		558	•	(5,442)
Traffic light repair		6,000		5,936		(64)
Alley construction		-		1,714		1,714
Street signs		2,700	•	-		(2,700)
Sidewalks		-		2,604		2,604
Engineering services		68,658		29,915		(38,743)
Tree trimming and removal		4,260		-		(4,260)
Tree maintenance program		32,000		19,935	-	(12,065)
Salt		25,000		19,934		(5,066)
Street repair projects	_	50,000		10,599	_	(39,401)
Total public works	-	194,618		91,195	_	(103,423)
Total expenditures	_	194,618		91,195	_	(103,423)
Excess (deficiency) of					-	
revenues over expenditures	\$_	350		159,224	\$=	158,874
Fund balance		•				
Beginning of year				283,605		
End of year			\$	442,829		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2011

NOTE A - BUDGETARY DATA

The Village prepares its appropriation ordinance in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, General Obligation Bonds Funds, Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund, Special Service Area Debt Service Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund. The Village does not prepare a budget for the Criminal Investigation Fund or the Grant Fund. The annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. There were no amendments to the fiscal year 2011 appropriations.

- 1. Within ninety days of the start of the fiscal year, the annual appropriation ordinance is presented for adoption by the Village Board. This ordinance appropriates such sums of money as are deemed necessary to defray all necessary expenses and liabilities of the Village. The ordinance also specifies the objects and purposes for which these appropriations are made and the amount appropriated for each.
- 2. Prior to the adoption of the appropriation ordinance, the Village makes the proposed ordinance conveniently available to public inspection and holds at least one public hearing subsequent to published notice.
- 3. Subsequent to the public hearing and before final action is taken on the appropriation ordinance, the Village Board may revise, alter, increase, or decrease the items contained therein.
- 4. Final action to adopt the appropriation for the year ended April 30, 2011 is taken by the Village Board before July 31, 2010.
- 5. The Board may subsequently transfer appropriated amounts to other appropriations, but may not increase overall appropriation of an individual fund without the passage of a supplemental appropriation.
- 6. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund for governmental activities that are not accounted for in any other fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for the use of resources which are provided by the state of Illinois specifically for the improvement of streets through a tax on motor fuel.

The Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund is a capital projects fund and is used to account for the bond proceeds issued for the purpose of constructing various capital improvements within the special service area.

The General Obligation Bonds Fund is a debt service fund and is used to account for the debt service payments required by the \$3,500,000 Series 2003 general obligation bonds, the \$490,000 Series 2006A general obligation bonds, and the \$2,510,000 Series 2006B general obligation bonds.

The Grant Fund is a capital projects fund and is used to account for the use of resources provided by other governmental agencies for specific public works or capital improvements.

General Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2011

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues			-		
Taxes					
Property		_			
	\$ 489,251	\$	486,057	\$	(3,194)
Police protection	317,616		316,636		(980)
Police pension	458,000		472,179	_	14,179
Total property taxes	1,264,867		1,274,872	_	10,005
Other taxes					
Home rule sales tax	725,000		798,484		73,484
Video rental tax	10,000		21,891		11,891
Utility	320,000		432,047		112,047
Telecommunications	265,000		246,863		(18,137)
Pull tab	900		1,104		204
Gas tax	70,000		82,007		12,007
Self-storage tax	1		23,435		23,434
Real estate transfer tax	195,000	_	242,284	_	47,284
Total other taxes	1,585,901		1,848,115		262,214
Total taxes	2,850,768		3,122,987	_	272,219
Intergovernmental revenues Taxes					
Personal property replacement tax	5,000		6,662		1,662
Sales tax	1,000,000		1,005,237		5,237
State income tax	650,000		646,889		(3,111)
State local use tax	100,000		118,638		18,638
MFT tax transfers	•		575		575
Roads and bridges	26,000		29,030		3,030
911 Fund reimbursement			73,776	_	73,776
Total intergovernmental revenues	1,781,000		1,880,807	_	99,807
					(Continued)

General Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues (continued)					
Licenses and permits		·			
Business licenses	\$	120,000	\$ 79,669	\$	(40,331)
Liquor licenses		61,000	35,970		(25,030)
Overweight truck permits		1,000	7,182		6,182
Building permits		25,000	41,400		16,400
Sewer permits		1,000	575		(425)
Plumbing permits		4,500	4,425		(75)
Electrical permits		6,000	6,895		895
Sign permits		100	- .		(100)
Elevator inspections		2,150	2,700		550
Building inspections		6,000	11,350		5,350
Fence permits		500	550		50
Franchise fees		60,000	73,650		13,650
Dog tags		200	190		(10)
Vehicle licenses	-	130,000	 125,633		(4,367)
Total licenses and permits		417,450	 390,189		(27,261)
Fines					
Code enforcement fines		1,500	2,385		885
Traffic		180,000	201,930		21,930
Overweight trucks		90,000	79,061		(10,939)
Red Speed		190,000	201,645		11,645
Parking tickets		200,000	195,722		(4,278)
Driving under the influence (DUI)		3,000	3,165		165
Compliance tickets		50,000	-		(50,000)
Vehicle impound fees		80,000	 113,645	_	33,645
Total fines		794,500	797,553		3,053

(Continued)

General Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues (Continued)	_				_	-
Charges for services						
Youth program fees	\$	17,980	\$	19,415	\$	1,435
Hearing fees		1,500		1,895		395
Village hearing office		4,000		385		(3,615)
Escrow bond forfeiture		1,000		5,032		4,032
Police reports		1,000		1,094		94
Rental		2,200		-		(2,200)
False alarm fees	_	1	_	-	_	(1)
Total charges for services	_	55,361	_	55,642	_	281
Investment income					-	
Interest		700	_	1,301	_	601
Miscellaneous revenues						
Reimbursements						
Workers' compensation		5,000		7,120		2,120
FEMA		-		14,789		14,789
Maintenance staff		220,000		220,000		- .
Office staff		125,000		125,000		-
Insurance		1		45,127		45,126
Personnel		1		4,493		4,492
Development fees		20,000		-		(20,000)
Plan Review		1		-		(1)
Transfer from Fund balance		116,603		- '		(116,603)
Crossing guard		9,936		-		(9,936)
False alarm		1		-		(1)
IDOT bus advertising		4,800		2,270		(2,530)
Contracted police services		16,500		31,436		14,936
CDBG reimbursement		50,000		50,000		-
Cook county disaster reimbursement		14,000		-		(14,000)
Hartford reimbursement		18,000		18,755		755
911 fund reimbursement		73,776		-		(73,776)

General Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2011

	_	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues (Continued)						
Miscellaneous revenues (Continued)						
Crossing guard		-		2,605		2,605
Recoveries		-		2,747		2,747
Vacant properties		2,500		5,200		2,700
Garbage fees		451,728		516,300		64,572
Other miscellaneous	_	<u>-</u>	_	27,137	_	27,137
Total miscellaneous revenues	_	1,127,847		1,072,979	-	(54,868)
Total revenues	\$_	7,027,626	\$_	7,321,458	\$_	293,832
Expenditures						
General government						
General management and support				-		
General administration	\$	266,091	\$	277,765	\$	11,674
Law department		179,502		227,727		48,225
Finance		505,773		405,480		(100,293)
Building	_	98,641	•	95,044	_	(3,597)
Total general management and support	•	1,050,007	 -	1,006,016	_	(43,991)
Recreation and cultural opportunities	_	136,104	_	134,146		(1,958)
Health	_	29,605		36,024	_	6,419
Fire and police commission	_	14,747	_	-	_	(14,747)
Budget contingencies	_	150,000	_	227,128	_	77,128
Total general government	_	1,380,463		1,403,314	_	22,851
Public safety						
Police	_	3,935,413		3,798,569	_	(136,844)
						(Continued)

General Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2011

	_	Original and Final Budget	. <u> </u>	Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Expenditures (Continued)						
Public works		2				(2)
Forestry		204 (15		- '		(2)
Streets and lights Refuse disposal		704,615		668,642		(35,973)
Truck weight regulation		451,728		503,125		51,397
Truck weight regulation	-	24,076		19,957	-	(4,119)
Total public works	-	1,180,421		1,191,724		11,303
Debt service (installment note)						
Principal	\$	251,673	\$	257,510	\$	5,837
Interest and fiscal charges		22,027		56,343	,	34,316
Total debt service	-	272 700	_	212.052	_	
Total deot service	-	273,700	_	313,853	-	40,153
Capital outlay						
Village properties	-	149,949	. <u>-</u>	115,485	_	(34,464)
Grants						
FAA match	_	77,000	· <u> </u>	50,500	_	(26,500)
Total grants	_	77,000	· <u>-</u>	50,500	_	(26,500)
Total expenditures	\$ ₌	6,996,946	\$_	6,873,445	\$_	(123,501)
Other financing sources						-
Loan proceeds	\$	_	\$	1,102,534	\$	1,102,534
Transfer in	Ф	_	Ψ	20,985	Φ	20,985
AAMAJOI III	-	-	_	20,703	_	20,703
Total other financing sources	\$	_	\$	1,123,519	\$	1,123,519

(Concluded)

Special Service Area Bond Proceeds Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended April 30, 2011

Revenues	_	Original and Final Budget	 Actual	_	Variance Over / (Under)
Investment income	\$	-	\$ 3,232	\$	3,232
Total revenues	_	•	 3,232	. <u> </u>	3,232
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
Bond issuance		-	1,030		1,030
Bank Fees	_		 60		60
Total expenditures	_		 1,090		1,090
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	2,142	\$	2,142
Fund balance					
Beginning of year			 		
End of year			\$ 2,142		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The Emergency Telephone System Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for the use of revenues provided by network connection surcharges and state grants specifically collected for 911 emergency telephone services.

The Criminal Investigation Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for the use of resources specifically designated for police department investigations dealing with illegal drug and narcotic trafficking. Revenues are generally derived from seized monies and property.

The Special Service Area (SSA) Debt Service Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term special service area debt.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Year Ended April 30, 2011

	-	Special R Emergency Telephone System	Criminal Investigation		Debt Service Fund SSA Debt Service			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash	•							
equivalents	\$	61,765	\$	8,369	\$	237,131	\$	307,265
Receivables								
Other		-		-		1,136		1,136
Due from								
Other funds	_	-	-			30,373		30,373
Total assets	\$_	61,765	\$_	8,369	\$_	268,640	\$	338,774
LIABILITIES						•		
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,032	\$	-	\$	2,032
Due to other funds	-	16,804	_	-		11,163		27,967
Total liabilities	_	16,804	_	2,032	_	11,163		29,999
FUND BALANCE								
Reserved for								
Debt service		-		-		257,477		257,477
Public safety	_	44,961	_	6,337		-	-	51,298
Total fund balance	_	44,961	_	6,337		257,477	-	308,775
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$_	61,765	\$_	8,369	\$ <u></u>	268,640	\$_	338,774

Nonmajor Governmental Funds COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended April 30, 2011

	-	Special Re Emergency Telephone System	even	ue Funds Criminal Investigation	-	Debt Service Fund SSA Debt Service	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	99,601	\$	-	\$	258,602	\$	358,203
Investment income	-	212		4	_	1,854	· -	2,070
Total revenues	_	99,813		4	_	260,456	_	360,273
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		130,988		402		-		131,390
Capital outlay		343		-		-		343
Miscellaneous		-		-		11,232		11,232
Debt service								
Principal		<u>.</u>		-		125,000		125,000
Interest	_		-		_	115,482	_	115,482
Total expenditures	_	131,331	-	402	_	251,714	_	383,447
Net change in fund balance		(31,518)		(398)		8,742		(23,174)
Fund balance								
Beginning of year	_	76,479	-	6,735	_	248,735	_	331,949
End of year	\$_	44,961	\$_	6,337	\$_	257,477	\$_	308,775

Emergency Telephone System Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance Over / (Under)
Revenues						
Taxes						
911 tax	\$	110,000	\$	99,601	\$	(10,399)
Interest income	_	180		212	-	32
Total revenues		110,180	_	99,813	_	(10,367)
Expenditures						
Public safety						
Telephone		20,000		21,348		1,348
Seminars and conferences		2,000		1,304		(696)
Maintenance		20,000		6,687		(13,313)
Bank fees		-		155		155
Service contracts		39,404		27,718		(11,686)
Reimbursement to GF for Police Dispatch	_	73,776		73,776	_	-
Total public safety		155,180		130,988		(24,192)
Capital outlay						
Other equipment	_	20,000	_	343	-	(19,657)
Total expenditures		175,180	_	131,331	_	(43,849)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfer in		65,000		<u>-</u>	_	(65,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	65,000	_		_	(65,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(65,000)		(31,518)	\$_	(31,518)
Fund balance						
Beginning of year				76,479		
End of year			\$	44,961		

PROPRIETARY FUND

Enterprise Fund

The Water and Sewer Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the service-related revenues charged to provide water and sewer services to customers and to fund the related expenses.

Water and Sewer Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2011

Operating revenues Charges for sales and services	_	Original and Final Budget		Actual ·	-	Variance Over / (Under)
Water sales	\$	1,081,000	\$	1,045,497	\$	(35,503)
Sewer fees	•	230,000	Ψ	256,132	Ψ	26,132
Water taps		1,000		-		(1,000)
Meter sales - commercial		22,500		-		(22,500)
Meter sales		22,000		9,200		(12,800)
Water miscellaneous				917		917
Total charges for sales and services		1,356,500		1,311,746		(44,754)
Penalties	_		-	40,144	_	40,144
Total operating revenues		1,356,500	_	1,351,890	_	(4,610)
Nonoperating revenues						
Antenna leasing		27,000		29,163		2,163
Interest income	_	600	_	311	_	(289)
Total nonoperating revenues	_	27,600	_	29,474	_	1,874
Total revenues	\$_	1,384,100	\$_	1,381,364	\$_	(2,736)

Water and Sewer Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Operating expenses			-		_	
Personal services						
Water Commissioner	\$	6,600	\$	6,600	\$	-
Collector		1,800		1,800		-
Meter reading		14,616		14,482		(134)
Services - maintenance men		220,000		219,996		(4)
Services - office clerks		125,000		125,434		434
Security		4,000		2,142		(1,858)
Fica taxes		1,625		1,521		(104)
Federal unemployment		167		-		(167)
State unemployment tax	_	280			-	(280)
Total personal services		374,088		371,975	_	(2,113)
Commodities						
Office supplies		3,000		-	•	(3,000)
Building maintenance supplies		1,000		587		(413)
Vehicle gas and oil		12,000		6,940		(5,060)
Purchase of water		580,000		582,603		2,603
Electric power and gas		25,000		21,953		(3,047)
Chlorine		1,000		880		(120)
Pump room supplies		1,000		2,461		1,461
Outside maintenance supplies		10,000		4,392		(5,608)
Hydrant parts		2,000	•	720		(1,280)
New meter purchases		20,000		19,229		(771)
Uniforms		1,500		-		(1,500)
Water supplies - miscellaneous		1,000	_	1,057	_	57
Total commodities		657,500		640,822		(16,678)

(Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Operating expenses (continued)	_		****		-	· · · · ·
Other services				-		
City of Chicago sewer fees	\$	175,000	\$	178,509	\$	3,509
Telephone		5,000		5,226		226
Postage		7,000		5,630		(1,370)
Legal fees		10,000		612		(9,388)
Water testing		7,000		4,335		(2,665)
Bank charges		-		10		10
Dues, lectures, and conference fees		1,500		1,840		340
Auditing		6,000		-		(6,000)
Computer service		8,000		_		(8,000)
Street, sidewalk, and parkway repair		10,000		541		(9,459)
Main testing and maintenance		7,300		8,249		949
Office equipment maintenance		1,000		-		(1,000)
Buildings and grounds maintenance		2,000		212		(1,788)
Reservoir and tower maintenance		13,000		2,907		(10,093)
Equipment maintenance		3,000		(11,119) ⁻		(14,119)
Vehicle repair and maintenance		13,000		6,176		(6,824)
Outside service - breaks		500		570		70
Outside service - taps		2,000		-		(2,000)
Water service - miscellaneous		500		12,032		11,532
Single family flood relief grant		4,500		_		(4,500)
Reimbursement of Grant - supplies		18,000		-		(18,000)
Reimbursement of Grant - other		20,000		- .		(20,000)
Contractual services - software support		2,525		1,125		(1,400)
Insurance-property, liability, and auto		15,685		11,408		(4,277)
Fire hydrant installation		3,000			_	(3,000)
Total other services		335,510		228,263		(107,247)

(Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) Year Ended April 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance Over / (Under)
Operating expenses (continued)						
Capital outlay	_					
Office furniture and equipment	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)
Building improvements		1,000		-		(1,000)
Vehicles		1		-		(1)
Other equipment purchases		1		-		(1)
Pump room equipment		15,000		4,342		(10,658)
East Side drainage engineering		-	_	10,168		10,168
Total capital outlay	_	17,002	_	14,510 .	_	(2,492)
Depreciation	_	<u> </u>		64,564	_	64,564
Total operating expenses	\$	1,384,100	\$	1,320,134	\$_	(63,966)

(Concluded)

FIDUCIARY FUND

Agency Fund

The Special Assessments Agency Fund is used to account for the assets, liabilities, and the changes that belong to the special assessment area.

Fiduciary Fund

Special Assessment Agency Fund

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Year Ended April 30, 2011

ASSETS		Beginning Balances	· _	Additions	Su	btractions	 Ending Balances
Cash Short-term investments Receivables	\$	24,425 73,733	\$	- 740	\$	88	\$ 24,513 74,473
Special assessments		3,147	 -	-		3,147	
Total assets	\$	101,305	\$_	740	\$	3,235	\$ 98,986
LIABILITIES							
Due to property owners	\$_	101,305	\$	(2,319)			\$ 98,986
Total liabilities	\$	101,305	\$	(2,319)	\$	•	\$ 98,986

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Five Years

Taxes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Revenues	·	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Intergovernmental 2,503,350 2,427,535 2,074,130 2,228,332 23 Licenses and Permits 390,189 281,826 331,577 346,884 76 Fines 797,553 650,526 272,630 340,592 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	Revenues					
Intergovernmental	Taxes	\$3,856,463	\$3,630,111	\$3,748,180	\$3,553,157	\$5,991,307
Licenses and Permits 390,189 281,826 331,577 346,884 76 Fines 797,553 650,526 272,630 340,592 23 Charges for Services 55,642 123,265 20,105 47,163 6 Investment Income 7,553 10,075 44,641 194,915 20 Miscellaneous 1,072,979 462,872 82,150 116,500 6 Expenditures 8,683,729 7,586,210 6,573,413 6,827,543 7,55	Intergovernmental		2,427,535		2,228,332	235,366
Charges for Services 55,642 123,265 20,105 47,163 6 Investment Income 7,553 10,075 44,641 194,915 20 Miscellaneous 1,072,979 462,872 82,150 116,500 6 Total Revenues 8,683,729 7,586,210 6,573,413 6,827,543 7,55 Expenditures General Government 1,403,374 1,632,449 1,558,685 1,820,853 2,88 Public Safety 3,929,959 4,088,584 4,044,711 4,179,744 3,40 Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252	Licenses and Permits	390,189	281,826	331,577	346,884	760,021
Investment Income 7,553 10,075 44,641 194,915 20	Fines	797,553	650,526	272,630	340,592	234,051
Miscellaneous 1,072,979 462,872 82,150 116,500 6 Total Revenues 8,683,729 7,586,210 6,573,413 6,827,543 7,55 Expenditures General Government 1,403,374 1,632,449 1,558,685 1,820,853 2,88 Public Safety 3,929,959 4,088,584 4,044,711 4,179,744 3,40 Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) -	Charges for Services	55,642	123,265	20,105	47,163	60,750
Total Revenues	Investment Income	7,553	10,075	44,641	194,915	204,976
Expenditures General Government	Miscellaneous	1,072,979	462,872	82,150	116,500	65,012
General Government 1,403,374 1,632,449 1,558,685 1,820,853 2,88 Public Safety 3,929,959 4,088,584 4,044,711 4,179,744 3,40 Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 58,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - -	Total Revenues	8,683,729	7,586,210	6,573,413	6,827,543	7,551,483
Public Safety 3,929,959 4,088,584 4,044,711 4,179,744 3,40 Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 59,402 20,202 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - <td>Expenditures</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures					
Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 59,7897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - - 1,28 <	General Government	1,403,374	1,632,449	1,558,685	1,820,853	2,888,719
Public Works 1,282,919 555,032 593,137 884,981 1,01 Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8 59,7897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - (1,28 Transfer in	Public Safety	3,929,959	4,088,584	4,044,711	4,179,744	3,404,299
Grant Expenditures 588,746 100,106 50,000 923,649 20 Miscellaneous 13,191 331,135 18,987 - Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued - - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - 1,28 Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - 4,27	Public Works	1,282,919		593,137	884,981	1,010,866
Capital Outlay 115,828 310,722 1,748,004 - Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - - <	Grant Expenditures	588,746	100,106	50,000	923,649	202,474
Debt Service Principal 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued - - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27	Miscellaneous	13,191	331,135	18,987	-	-
Principal Interest 652,510 618,808 345,785 218,436 8 Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33 Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued - - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Capital Outlay	115,828	310,722	1,748,004	-	-
Interest 269,428 260,252 273,433 223,331 33	Debt Service					
Total Expenditures 8,255,955 7,897,088 8,632,742 8,250,994 7,92 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued - - - 3,00 Installment Note Issued - - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - - (1,19 Payment to Escrow Agent - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Principal	652,510	618,808	345,785	218,436	87,809
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds Issued	Interest	269,428	260,252	273,433	223,331	333,302
Bonds Issued	Total Expenditures	8,255,955	7,897,088	8,632,742	8,250,994	7,927,469
Installment Note Issued - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - (1,19 Payment to Escrow Agent - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Installment Note Issued - - - 1,19 Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - (1,19 Payment to Escrow Agent - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Bonds Issued	-	_	-	-	3,000,000
Discount on Issuance of Bonds - - - (1,19 Payment to Escrow Agent - - - (1,19 Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Installment Note Issued	_	-	_	-	1,195,000
Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89		-	_	-		(9,065)
Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets - - - 1,28 Transfer (out) - (893,150) - - Transfer in 20,985 869,912 - - Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Payment to Escrow Agent	-	-	-	-	(1,195,000)
Transfer (out) - (893,150) Transfer in 20,985 869,912 Loan Proceeds 1,102,534 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Proceeds from Sale of Cpital Assets	_	_	-	-	1,281,986
Transfer in Loan Proceeds 20,985 869,912 - - - 1,102,534 - - - - - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) - - 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89		-	(893,150)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,123,519 (23,238) 4,27 Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	• •	20,985		· -	-	· -
Net Change in Fund Balance 1,551,293 (334,116) (2,059,329) (1,423,451) 3,89	Loan Proceeds	•	-	-	-	-
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,123,519	(23,238)	-		4,272,921
Fund Balance	Net Change in Fund Balance	1,551,293	(334,116)	(2,059,329)	(1,423,451)	3,896,935
	Fund Balance					
		2,437,904	2,772,020	4,831,349	6,255,300	2,358,365
End of Year \$3,989,197 \$2,437,904 \$2,772,020 \$4,831,849 \$6,25.	End of Year	\$3,989,197	\$2,437,904	\$2,772,020	\$4,831,849	\$6,255,300

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Governmental activities					
Investment in capital assets	,				
net of related debt	\$ 6,084,016	\$ 5,837,274	\$ 5,335,018	\$ 6,577,380	\$ 6,784,375
Restricted	2,139,396	996,642	1,664,718	2,824,551	719,309
Unrestricted	(1,048,258)	(226,512)	(509,629)	(1,672,373)	1,537,431
Total governmental activities	7,175,154	6,607,404	6,490,107	7,729,558	9,041,115
Business-type activities					
Investment in capital assets					
net of related debt	1,457,257	1,508,067	1,561,446	57,240	60,209
Unrestricted	940,031	827,991	775,478	899,700	919,531
Total business-type activities	2,397,288	2,336,058	2,336,924	956,940	979,740
Total	\$ 9,572,442	\$ 8,943,462	\$ 8,827,031	\$ 8,686,498	\$10,020,855

